

NPM No. 093-2016

15 November 2016

HON. DCA RAUL BAUTISTA VILLANUEVA
Chairperson, Bids and Awards Committee for the Halls of Justice
SUPREME COURT (SC) OF THE PHILIPPINES
3rd Floor, Old Supreme Court Building,
Padre Faura Street, Manila 1000

**Re: Department of Labor and Employment
(DOLE) Department Order (DO) No. 150-16**

Dear Deputy Court Administrator Villanueva:

This refers to the letter of the Honorable Deputy Court Administrator relative to the procurement of security services for the Halls of Justice nationwide and the applicability of DOLE DO No. 150-16, particularly its requirement for a minimum administrative cost of 20% of the total contract price.

Section 4(b) of DOLE DO No. 150-16, dated 9 February 2016, entitled *Revised Guidelines Governing the Employment and Working Conditions of Security Guards and other Private Security Personnel in the Private Security Industry* provides:

“Section 4. Service Agreements. – The SSC/PSA and/or the principal shall produce or submit the original copy of the Service Agreement when directed to do so by the Regional Director or his/her duly authorized representative. The Service Agreement must conform to the DOLE Standard Computation and Standard Service Agreement, as provided for under this Guidelines. The Service Agreement shall stipulate, among others:

x x x

- b. The place of work and terms and conditions governing the contracting arrangement which shall include the agreed amount of the security services to be rendered and the **standard administrative fee of not less than twenty percent (20%) of the total contract cost;** (Emphasis ours)

x x x.”

We note that the quoted provision imposes a minimum administrative fee of 20% of the total contract cost under the Service Agreement for security services. Such imposition is

similar to the provision of Section 9(b)(ii) of DOLE DO No. 18-A¹ requiring a minimum administrative fee of 10% of the total contract cost. In relation to this, we wish to clarify that the GPPB, through Resolution No. 14-2012 dated 1 June 2012, has determined that Section 9(b)(ii) of DOLE DO No. 18-A to be violative of Article IX, Section 31² of RA 9184 and its IRR. This position of the GPPB was reiterated through Resolution No. 14-2015 and Circular No. 04-2015, both dated 30 April 2015.

In Policy Matter (PM) Opinion Nos. 03-2012³ and 02-2013⁴, the position of the GPPB relative to the imposition of minimum administrative fee in the Service Agreement was explained, thus:

Considering that the computation for the cost of a service contract/agreement involves factors, the respective amounts of which are set by law, such as those items constituting Reimbursable Costs under Annex "A" of DOLE DO 18-A, requiring servicing agencies to adopt an administrative fee of at least 10% of the total contract cost effectively prohibits them from offering bids lower than the sum of the Total Reimbursable Costs and the 10% administrative cost.

This scenario results in the imposition of floor bid prices, which clearly runs counter to the pronouncement in Section 31 of RA 9184 and its revised IRR that "[t]here shall be no lower limit to the amount of award."

The rule prohibiting the imposition of lower limit to the amount of award, being mandated by Section 31 of RA 9184 and its revised IRR, has been previously upheld by the Supreme Court in the case of *Philippine Sports Commission, et. al. v. Dear John Services, Inc.*⁵. In this case, the High Tribunal declared invalid the provision in the "Instructions to Bidders" that the bid price should not be less than 60% of the Approved Agency Estimate (AAE) in order to ensure compliance with the minimum wage, 13th month pay, state insurance and other benefits imposed by statutes, and to guarantee efficient and effective performance by the winning bidder in the procurement of security guards, using as reference, Section 25⁶ of Executive Order No. 40 and its IRR, which likewise prohibit the BAC from imposing a minimum amount to be offered in the bid.

Similar to the 10% administrative fee imposed under Section 9(b)(ii) of DOLE DO No. 18-A, the 20% administrative fee provided for under Section 4 of DOLE DO No. 150-16 is a percentage imposition that has for its effect the fixing of a floor price on bid prices. In this regard and following the position of the GPPB as stated and explained in the above-mentioned various issuances, as well as the case of *Philippine Sports Commission, et. al. v. Dear John Services, Inc.*⁷, we are of the opinion that Section 4 of DOLE DO No. 150-16,

¹ Issued on 14 November 2011.

² **Section 31. Ceiling for Bid Prices.** – The ABC shall be the upper limit or ceiling for the Bid Prices. Bid prices that exceed this ceiling shall be disqualified outright from further participating in the bidding. **There shall be no lower limit to the amount of the award.**

³ Dated 30 November 2012.

⁴ Dated 11 April 2014.

⁵ G.R. No. 183260 dated 4 July 2012.

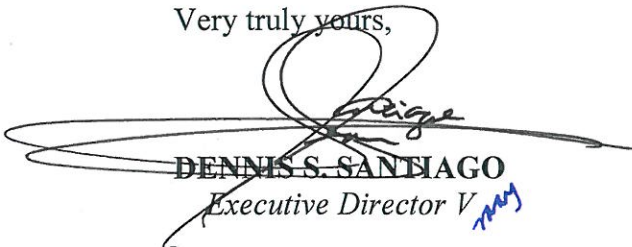
⁶ Section 25. Ceiling for Bid Price. The approved budget for the contract shall be the upper limit or ceiling for the bid price. Bid prices which exceed this ceiling shall be disqualified outright from further participating in the bidding. There shall be no lower limit to the amount of the award. For this purpose, the approved budget for the contract shall be that approved by the head of the agency.

⁷ G.R. No. 183260 dated 4 July 2012.

insofar as it imposes a minimum administrative fee of 20% of the total contract cost per the Service Agreement for security services, runs counter to the provision of Section 31 of RA 9184 and its IRR.

We hope that this opinion issued by the GPPB-TSO provided sufficient guidance on the matter. Note that this is issued on the basis of particular facts and situations presented, and may not be applicable given a different set of facts and circumstances. Should there be other concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,



DENNIS S. SANTIAGO
Executive Director V

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